

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 01-Aug-2018 Version 2

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product identifier** 

Product Name ISC STRIPPER CONCENTRATE

Product Code FLSDYNYPISC-FSC

Customer Code Not available

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Stripping solution

**Use advised against** Use only as stated on label.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufactured For / Distributed By Inland Supply Co.

2820 Mill St. Reno, NV 89502 Phone (800) 292-8528

E-Mail customerservice@inlandsupplyco.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number: (800) 270-6809

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification

# **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This product has been classified in accordance with the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 5
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 4

#### Label elements

Emergency Overview
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# **Danger**

### **Hazard statements**

May be harmful if swallowed Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Combustible liquid

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention** 

- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- Specific Treatment (See Section 4 on the SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

- Store locked up

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

- Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

# Other Information

**Unknown Acute Toxicity** 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	5-10	*
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	3-7	*
Sodium Xylene Sulfonate	1300-72-7	1-5	*
Monoethanolamine	141-43-5	1-5	*

<sup>\*</sup>The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### First aid measures

Inhalation

**General advice** Immediate medical attention is required. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of **Skin Contact** 

> water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is not required. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. For severe burns, immediate medical attention is

required.

Immediate medical attention is required Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under Eye contact

the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes Keep eye wide open while rinsing Do not rub affected area Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses

and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes If symptoms persist, call a physician Remove to fresh air. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Immediate

medical attention is not required. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Move to fresh air in

case of accidental inhalation of vapors or decomposition products. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Ingestion Immediate medical attention is required. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean mouth with water and drink

afterwards plenty of water. Call a physician. Remove from exposure, lie down. Call a

physician or poison control center immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology

Information.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Treat

symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Use. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray (fog). Alcohol resistant foam.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters** As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid

contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against

static discharges.

### **Environmental precautions**

**Environmental precautions**Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. Should not be

released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Methods for cleaning up Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Prevent product from entering drains. Dam up. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use with local exhaust

ventilation. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Keep away

from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation and in closed systems.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of

children. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep containers tightly

closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible materials** Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Aluminum.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

**Exposure Guidelines** This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational

exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Chemical Name	Chemical Name ACGIH TLV		NIOSH IDLH
2-butoxyethanol	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 700 ppm
111-76-2		TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		(vacated) S*	
		S*	
Sodium Hydroxide	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1310-73-2	1310-73-2		Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Monoethanolamine STEL: 6 ppm		TWA: 3 ppm	IDLH: 30 ppm
141-43-5 TWA: 3 ppm		TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 6 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 6 ppm	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Diethanolamine TWA: 1 mg/m³ inhalable fraction		(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 3 ppm
111-42-2	and vapor	(vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Showers, Eyewash stations & Ventilation systems

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

**Skin and body protection** Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

**Respiratory protection** If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Regular

cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Appearance Clear
Color Yellow
Odor Sweet

Odor threshold No Information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH 13.0 - 13.5 Specific Gravity 1.07 Viscosity Water Thin

Melting point/freezing point No Information available

Flash point 82 °C 180 °F

Boiling point / boiling range No Information available

Same as water

Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Water solubility

No Information available
No Information available
No Information available
Soluble in water

Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
No Information available
No Information available

**Other Information** 

Density Lbs/Gal 8.91 VOC Content (%) 10

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No data available

**Stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials Incompatible with strong acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Aluminum.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**The primary effects and toxicity of this material are due to it corrosive nature.

**Inhalation** Causes burns.

**Eye contact** Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.

**Skin Contact** The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

**Ingestion** Causes burns. May be harmful if swallowed.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-butoxyethanol	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 99 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 486  ppm (Rat) 4 h = 450  ppm (

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111-76-2			Rat ) 4 h
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	-	= 1350 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Monoethanolamine	= 1720 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1000 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 1 mL/kg	-
141-43-5		( Rabbit )	
Diethanolamine	$= 780 \text{ mg/kg} (Rat) = 620 \mu L/kg ($	= 11.9 mL/kg (Rabbit) = 7640	-
111-42-2	Rat )	μL/kg (Rabbit)	

### Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** No Information available.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Corrosivity Causes burns. Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. Risk of serious damage to

eves.

Sensitization No Information available. Germ cell mutagenicity No Information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
2-butoxyethanol	A3	Group 3	-	-
111-76-2		·		

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 3 -Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity No Information available. STOT - single exposure No Information available. STOT - repeated exposure No Information available.

Chronic toxicity Chronic exposure to corrosive fumes/gases may cause erosion of the teeth followed by jaw necrosis. Bronchial irritation with chronic cough and frequent attacks of pneumonia are common. Gastrointestinal disturbances may also be seen. Avoid repeated exposure. Possible risk of irreversible effects. May cause adverse effects on the bone marrow and

blood-forming system. May cause adverse liver effects.

Blood, Central nervous system, EYES, hematopoietic system, Kidney, Liver, Respiratory **Target organ effects** 

system, Skin.

No Information available. **Aspiration hazard** 

#### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity **Unknown Acute Toxicity** 

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

Component Inhalation LC50 - 4 hour - vapor - mg/L

2-butoxyethanol 450 486

111-76-2 (5-10)

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

5.29% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Persistence and degradability No Information available.

No Information available. Bioaccumulation

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	0.81
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	-1.91

Other adverse effects No Information available

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Do not reuse container.

**US EPA Waste Number** 

D002

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Sodium Hydroxide	Toxic
1310-73-2	Corrosive

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**Note:** The basic description below is specific to the container size. This information is provided for at a glance DOT information. Please refer to the container and/or shipping papers for the appropriate shipping description before tendering this material for shipment. For additional information, please contact the distributor listed in section 1 of this SDS.

### U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT)

4x1 Gallon Case UN1760, CORROSIVE LIQUID NOS, (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE,

MONOETHANOLAMINE), 8, II

(HM-CS29)

Pails & Drums (<119 Gallons) UN1760, CORROSIVE LIQUID NOS, (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE,

MONOETHANOLAMINE), 8, II

(HM-CS29)

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **International Inventories**

TSCA Complies DSL/NDSL Complies

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

### **US Federal Regulations**

### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
2-butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	1.0

### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No

#### **CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	1000 lb	-	-	X

#### **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Sodium Hydroxide	1000 lb	-	RQ 1000 lb final RQ
1310-73-2			RQ 454 kg final RQ

### **US State Regulations**

#### **California Proposition 65**

This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Diethanolamine - 111-42-2	Carcinogen

# U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
2-butoxyethanol	X	X	X
111-76-2			
Sodium Hydroxide	X	X	X
1310-73-2			
Monoethanolamine	X	X	X
141-43-5			
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	-	X	-
5064-31-3			
Diethanolamine	X	X	X
111-42-2			

# U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not Applicable

**Additional information** No Information available.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**HMIS** 

Health hazards	Flammability	Physical hazards	Personal protection
3	2	0	В

Prepared By Regulatory Department

**Revision Date** 01-Aug-2018

Version

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.